

# ASCENT - FAA Center of Excellence for Alternative Jet Fuels and Environment

**Michael P Wolcott**

Director

Washington State University

**R John Hansman**

Co-Director

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

James Hileman, FAA Program Manager



Overview of ASCENT and our Partnerships

Discuss our Projects and Focus on AJF

How we fit within the Larger Federal Landscape

Two Project Areas

1. AJF Supply Chain Analysis and Regional Projects
2. National Jet Fuel Combustion Program (NJFCP)
  - Joshua Heyne from Univ of Dayton

---

# TODAY'S PRESENTATION



Annual Budget ~\$10 million

Funding 54 Research Projects

Producing 119 Publications, Reports, Presentations

Educating 112 Students

With 70 Industrial Partners

---

# ASCENT OVERVIEW



**FAA CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR ALTERNATIVE JET FUELS & ENVIRONMENT**

SOAP-Jet Webinar - December 8, 2017



# ASCENT Team

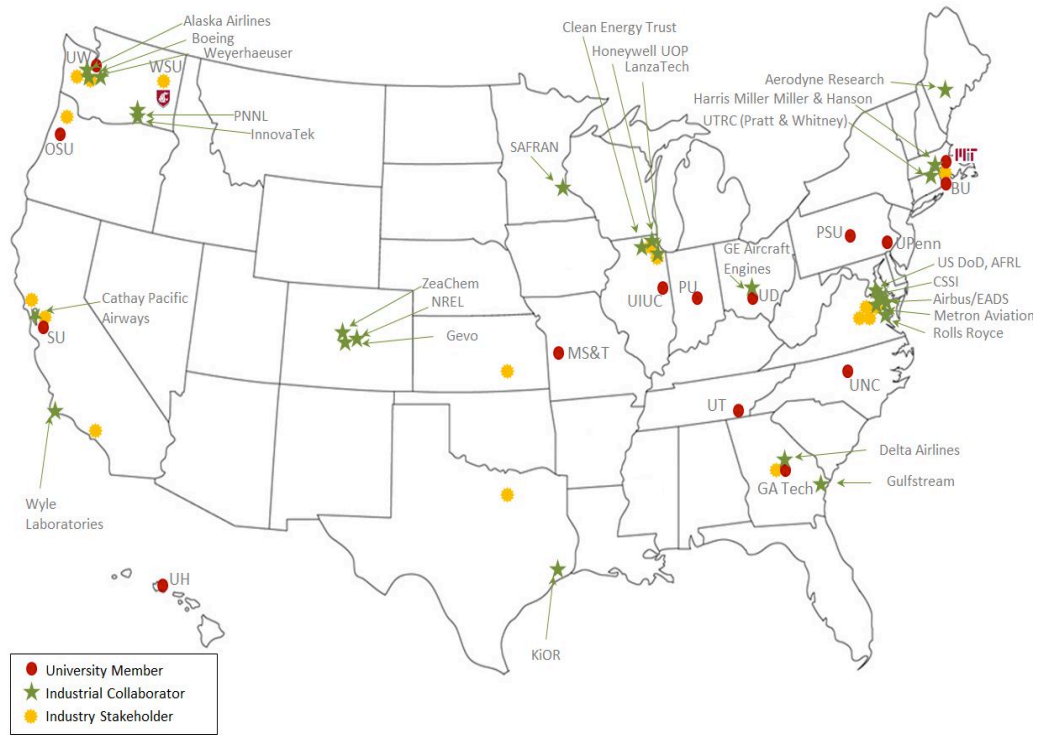
**Lead Universities:**

- Washington State University (WSU)\*
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

**Core Universities:**

- Boston University (BU)
- Georgia Institute of Technology (Ga Tech)
- Missouri University of Science and Technology (MS&T)
- Oregon State University (OSU)\*
- Pennsylvania State University (PSU)\*
- Purdue University (PU)\*
- Stanford University (SU)
- University of Dayton (UD)
- University of Hawaii (UH)\*
- University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign (UIUC)\*
- University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill (UNC)
- University of Pennsylvania (UPenn)
- University of Tennessee (UT)\*
- University of Washington (UW)\*

\* Denotes USDA NIFA AFRI-CAP Leads and Participants & Sun Grant Schools



**Advisory Committee - 58 organizations:**

- 5 airports
- 4 airlines
- 7 NGO/advocacy
- 9 aviation manufacturers
- 11 feedstock/fuel manufacturers
- 22 R&D, service to aviation sector



FAA CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR ALTERNATIVE JET FUELS & ENVIRONMENT



# International Partnerships



Green Aviation  
Research & Development  
Network



FAA CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR ALTERNATIVE JET FUELS & ENVIRONMENT

SOAP-Jet Webinar - December 8, 2017



# ASCENT Focus Areas

## Alternative Jet Fuels

- 3.1.1. Feedstock Development, Processing and Conversion
- 3.1.2. Regional Supply and Refining Infrastructure
- 3.1.3. Environmental Benefits Analysis
- 3.1.4. Aircraft Component Deterioration and Wear
- 3.1.5. Fuel Performance Testing

## Environment

- 3.1.6. Aircraft Noise and Impacts
- 3.1.7. Aviation Emissions and Impacts
- 3.1.8. Aircraft Technology Assessment
- 3.1.9. Energy Efficient Gate-to-Gate Aircraft Operations
- 3.1.10. Aviation Modeling and Analysis



# ASCENT Project

## Research Topic Area

Analysis and Tools

Operations

Noise

Emissions

Alternative Jet Fuels

## ASCENT Project Numbers

10, 11, 12, 36, 37, 45, 46

15, 16, 23

3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 23, 35, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43

Measurements: 2, 24, 33

Air Quality: 18, 19, 20, 39, 48

Climate: 13, 21, 22

CO2 Standard: 14, 32

AJF Analysis: 1, 13, 21, 24, 32

AJF Testing: 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34

For project descriptions and other information see - <http://ascent.aero>



# Coordinated Federal Approach to AJF

## FEDERAL ALTERNATIVE JET FUELS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

PRODUCT OF THE  
Aeronautics Science and Technology Subcommittee  
Committee on Technology  
OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL



June 2016

- Enhance energy security;
- Expand domestic energy sources;
- Facilitate a diverse, secure, and reliable fuel supply;
- Contribute to price and supply stability;
- Reduce emissions that affect air quality and global climate;
- Generate economic and rural development; and
- Promote social welfare.





# US Agency Specific Contributions



Feedstock  
Development  
& Production



Feedstock  
Logistics



Fuel  
Conversion



Fuel  
Conversion  
Scale-Up



Fuel Testing  
& Evaluation



Integrated  
Challenges

DOC	X					X
DoD			X		X	
DOE	X	X	X			X
DOT					X	X
EPA						X
NASA					X	
NSF	X	X	X			
USDA	X	X	X			X



# ASCENT Team

## Lead Universities:

Washington State University (WSU)\*

Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

## Core Universities:

Boston University (BU)

Georgia Institute of Technology (Ga Tech)

Missouri University of Science and Technology (MS&T)

Oregon State University (OSU)

Pennsylvania State University (PSU)\*

Purdue University (PU)

Stanford University (SU)

University of Dayton (UD)

University of Hawaii (UH)

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign (UIUC)

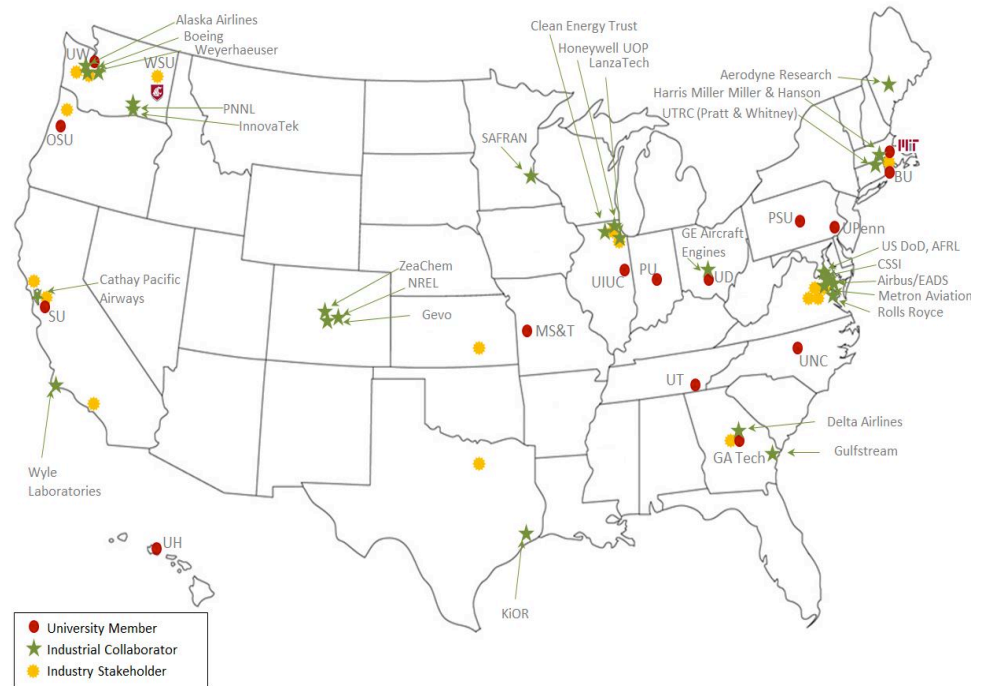
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill (UNC)

University of Pennsylvania (UPenn)

University of Tennessee (UT)\*

University of Washington (UW)\*

Denotes USDA NIFA AFRI-CAP Leads\* and Participants



## Advisory Committee - 58 organizations:

- 5 airports
- 4 airlines
- 7 NGO/advocacy
- 9 aviation manufacturers
- 11 feedstock/fuel manufacturers
- 22 R&D, service to aviation sector



# PROJECTS

## alternative jet fuels



# ASCENT Focus Areas

## Alternative Jet Fuels

Feedstock Development, Processing and Conversion

Regional Supply and Refining Infrastructure

Environmental Benefits Analysis

Aircraft Component Deterioration and Wear

Fuel Performance Testing



# ASCENT Project 001 Supply Chain Focus

## Advanced Analytical Tools

- Feedstock Production (w/ DOE)
- Feedstock Logistics (w/ Volpe)
- Facility Siting Tools
- Harmonized Conversion Techno-Economic Analysis (TEA)
- Stochastic TEA
- Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) (w/ DOE)
- Systems Dynamic Models for Technology Adoption (w/ DOE)
- Environmental Services
- Supply Chain Risk Assessment

## International Efforts

- ICAO CAEP Support
- CORSIA

## Tactical Regional Deployment

- CAAFI 50-states Initiative
  - USDA Regional Supply Chain Assistance
1. Inland Northwest Oilseed Project
  2. Hawaii Tropical Feedstocks and Fuels
  3. Southeastern US Fuels Development



# Design Cases and Economics of Approved Pathways

Approved

Gasification & FT (FT-SPK)	50% max blend
Hydroprocessing (HEFA-SPK)	50% max blend
Biochem sugars (HFS-SIP)	10% max blend
Aromatic tweak of FT (FT-SPK/A)	50% max blend
Conversion of alcohols (ATJ-SPK)	30% max blend

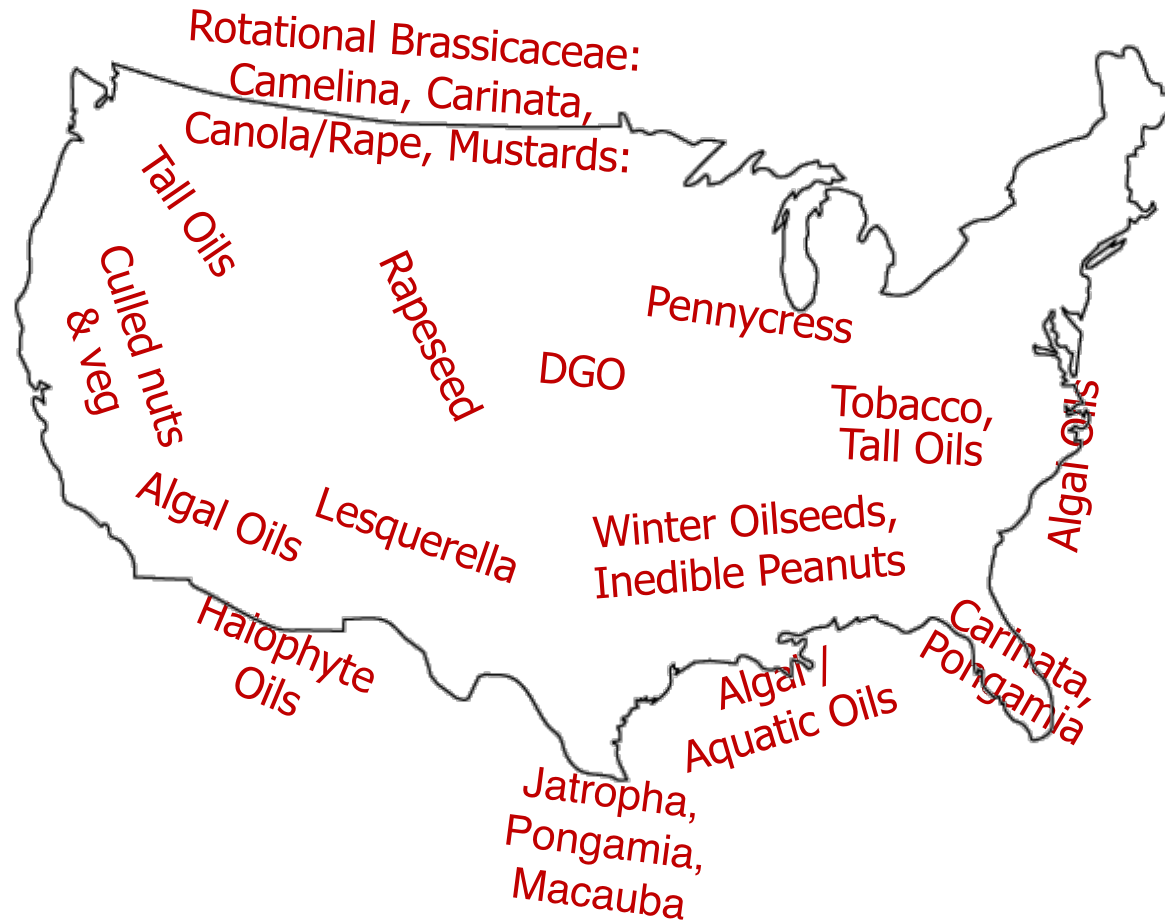
Feedstocks

FT-SPK	Lignocellulosics, MSW
HEFA-SPK	Fats, Oils, Grease
HFS-SIP	Sugar, Starch, Cellulose
FT-SPK/A	Lignocellulosics, MSW
ATJ-SPK	Sugar, Starch, Cellulose

Modified from: S. Csonka (2017) The development and commercialization of Sustainable Alternative Jet Fuel (SAJF). ATIP Regional Forum. Richland, WA.



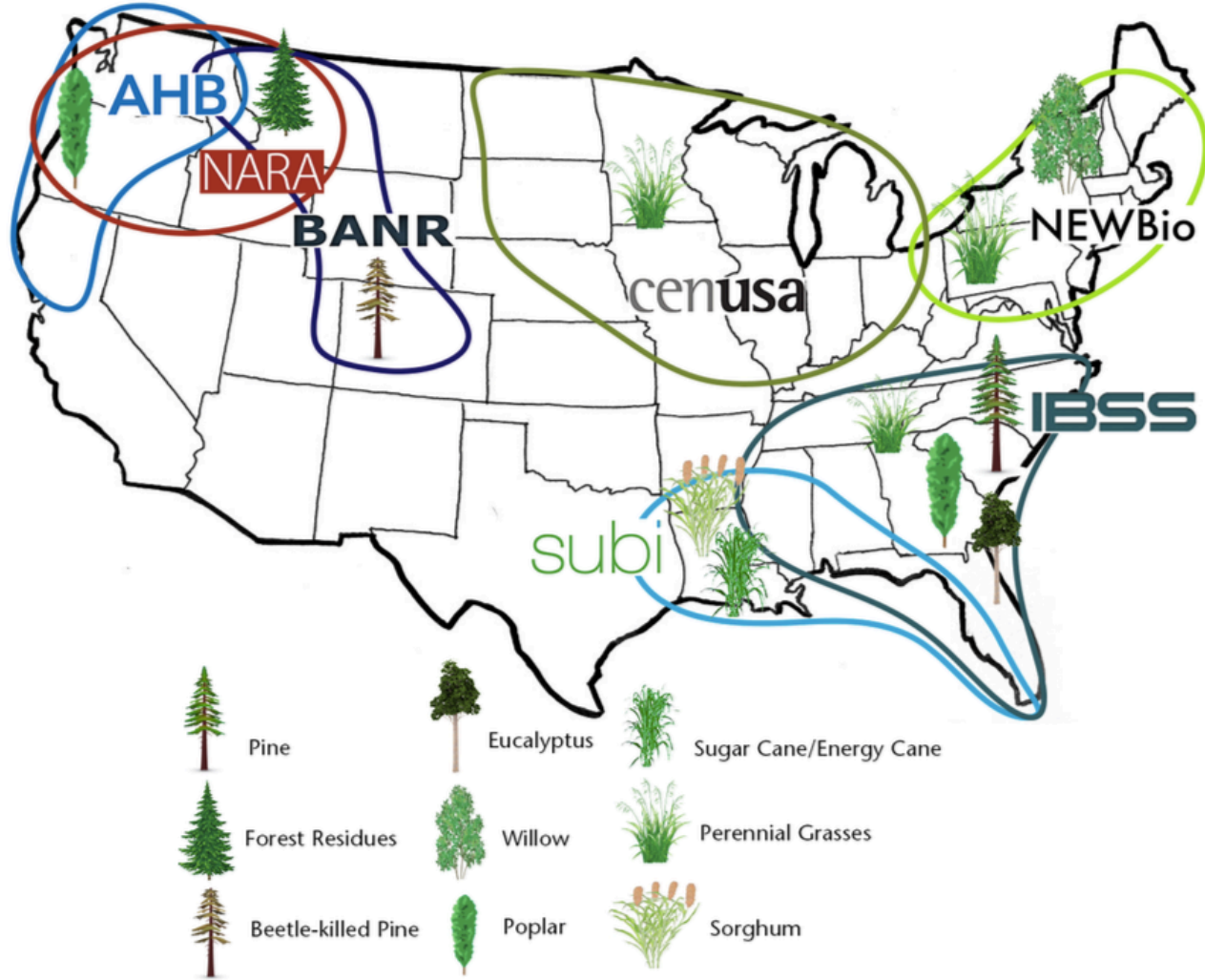
# CAAFI Lipid Focus



Modified from: S. Csonka (2017) The development and commercialization of Sustainable Alternative Jet Fuel (SAJF). ATIP Regional Forum. Richland, WA.



# USDA Feedstock Supply Chain Projects

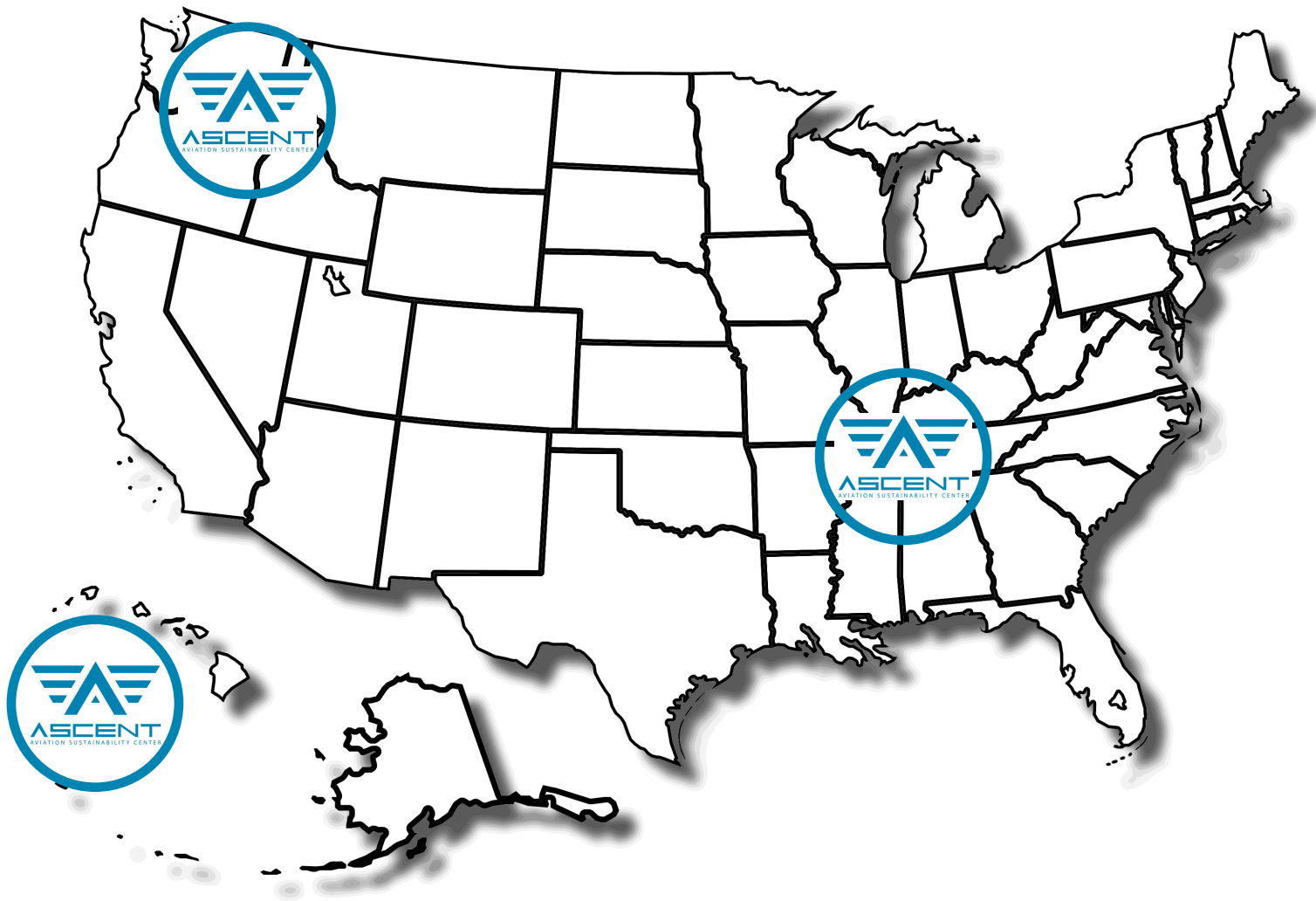


**Source:**  
William Goldner  
National Program Lead  
USDA NIFA





# ASCENT Regional Projects (tactical)



# ASCENT Focus Areas

## Alternative Jet Fuels

Feedstock Development, Processing and Conversion

Regional Supply and Refining Infrastructure

Environmental Benefits Analysis

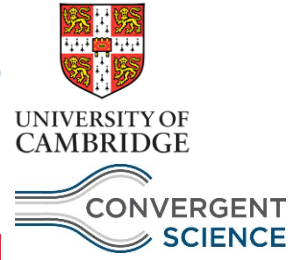
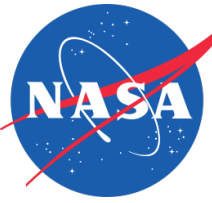
Aircraft Component Deterioration and Wear

Fuel Performance Testing



# NATIONAL JET FUEL COMBUSTION PROGRAM NJFCP

Joshua Heyne (Dayton), Meredith Colket (UTRC Retired), Jeff Moder (NASA), Cecilia Shaw (FAA), Mohan Gupta (DOE), Tim Edwards (AFRL), Mel Roquemore (AFRL), Chiping Li (AFRL), Mark Rumizen (FAA)

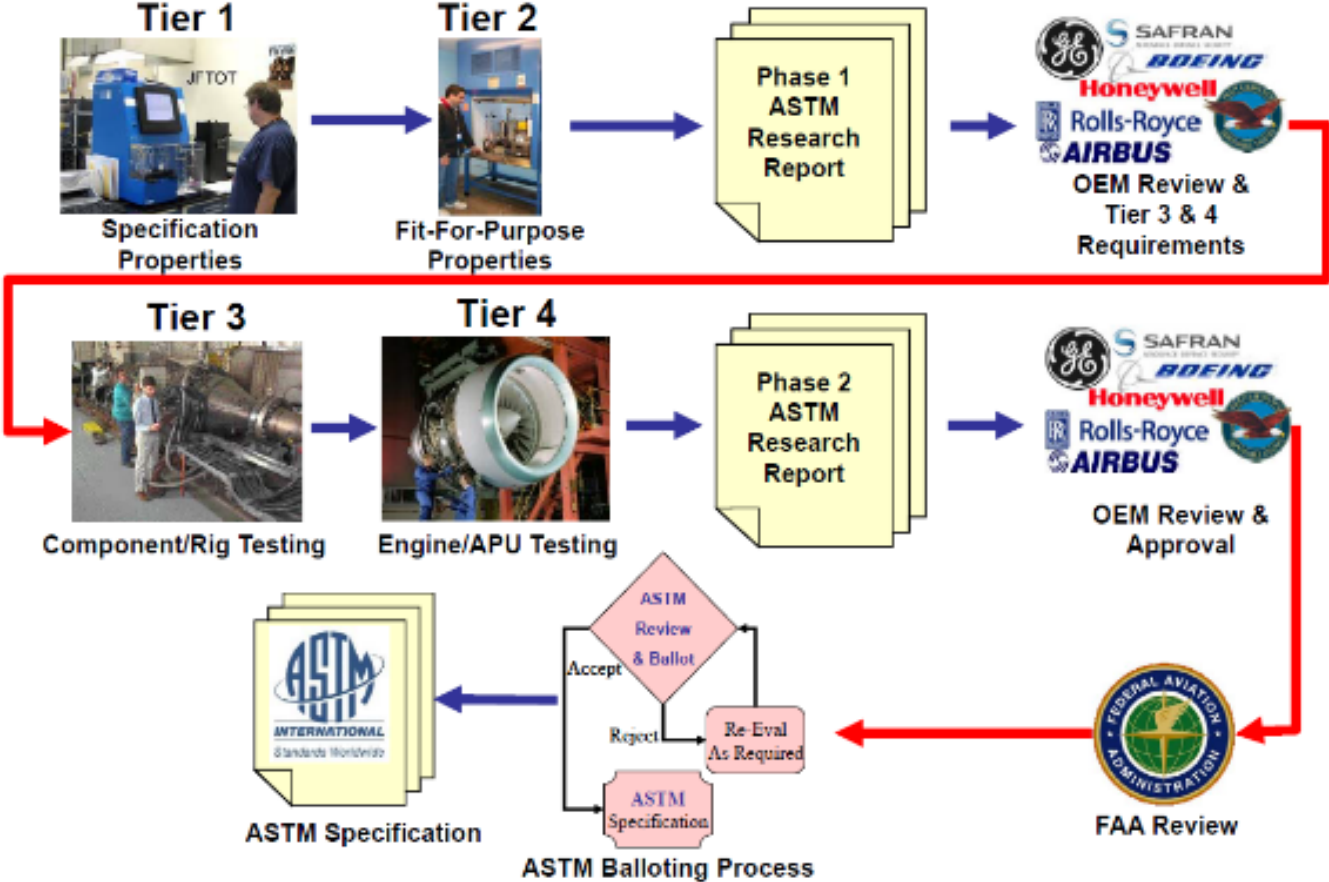


FAA CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR ALTERNATIVE JET FUELS & ENVIRONMENT

SOAP-Jet Webinar - December 8, 2017



# Current Two-Phase ASTM Approval Process



# Overview and Potential Impact of NJFCP

## Vision

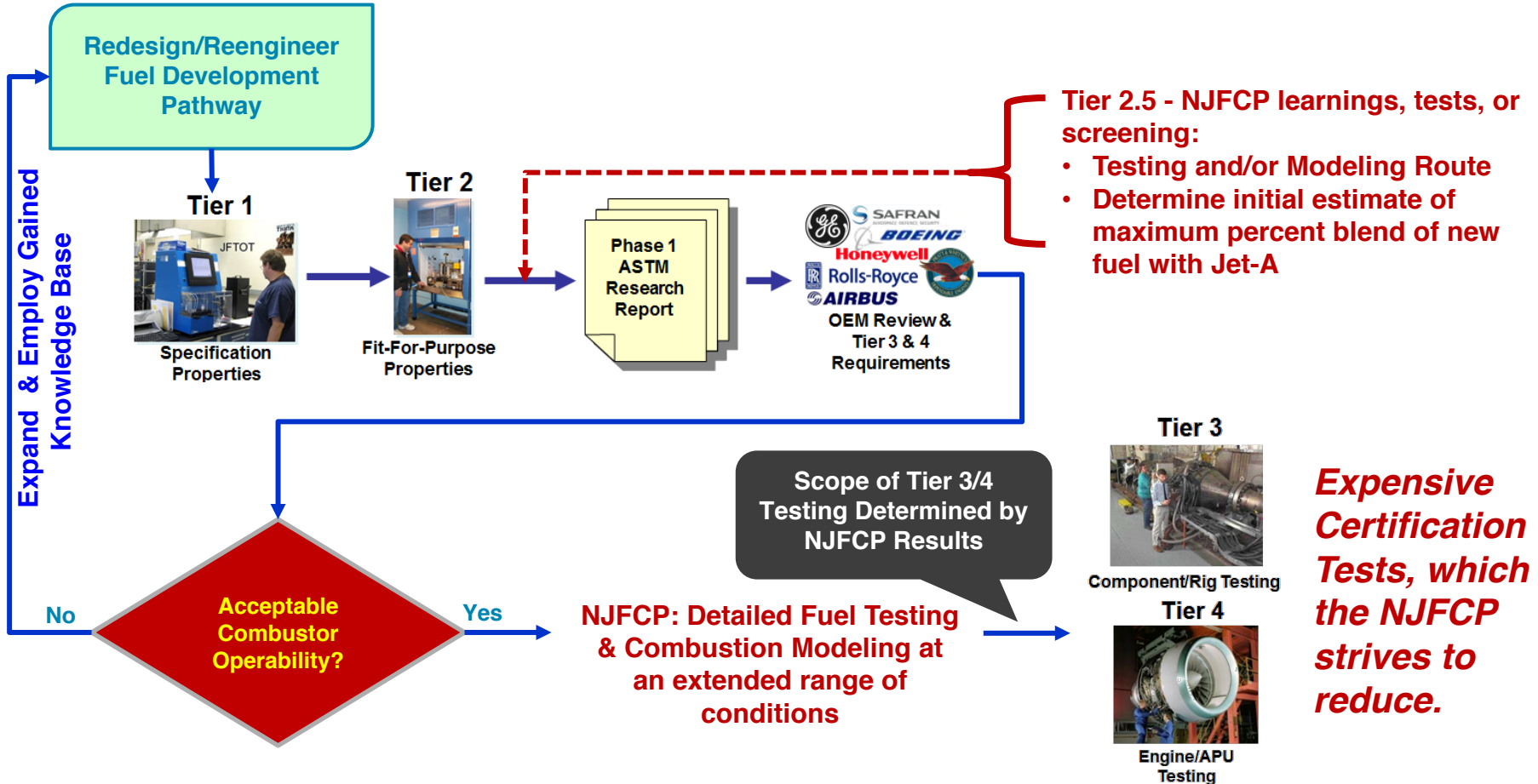
Develop an experimental and analytical capability to facilitate OEM's evaluation of fuel physical and chemical properties on engine operability and to streamline ASTM fuels approval process.

## IMPACT

Early fuel screening (Tier 2.5), targeted Tier 3 and 4 tests, and increased OEM confidence



# Overview and Potential Impact of NJFCP



# NJFCP Executive Summary (testing)

## Lean Blowout (key certification criteria):

- Fuels with distillation, viscosity, and DCN (in particular) extremes observed to exhibit deleterious performance characteristics.
- For most rigs, Lean Blowout (LBO) was found to correlate with DCN (new result relative to prior studies)
  - OEMs have identified this as a major NJFCP benefit

## Ignition (key certification criteria):

- Initial fuel screening at relevant conditions suggests that high initial distillation temperatures and properties associated with poor spray atomization lead to deleterious performance.
- Initial NJFCP results are consistent with prior experimental studies



# NJFCP Executive Summary (modeling)

## Chemical Kinetics:

- Progress achieved connecting fundamental shock tube results to test rig Lean Blowout results.
- Additional *in situ* hydrocarbon species measurements have enabled greater model fidelities.
- Chemistry model approach for jet fuels validated and documented

## Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD):

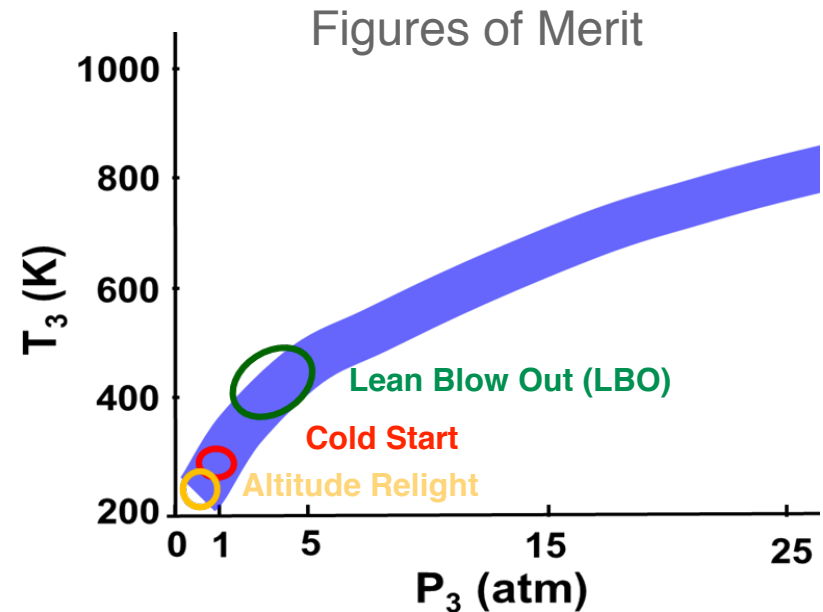
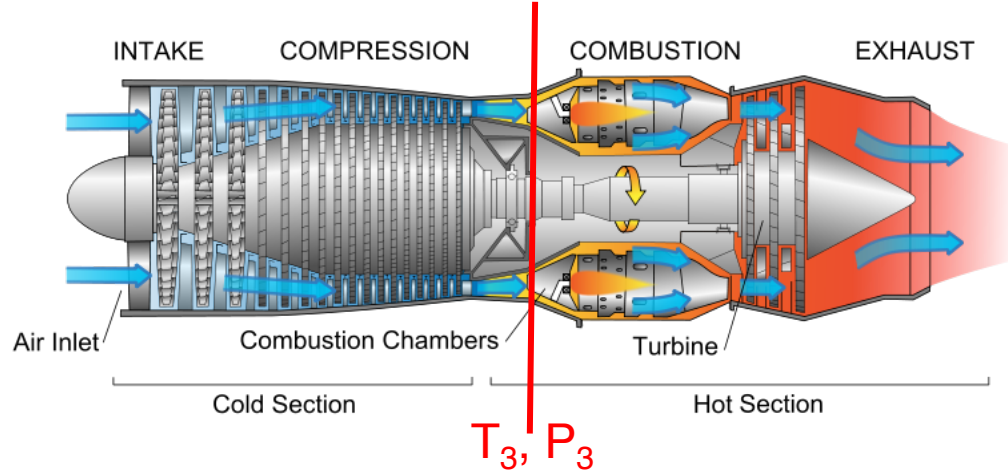
- Teams are iterating towards predicting Lean Blowout trends for selected NJFCP fuels.
- CFD combustion model developed into OEM common format routine (CFR) for alternative jet fuel evaluation in OEM hardware.





# Fuel impacts on Combustor Figure of Merit (FOM)

## Gas Turbine Engine Schematic



## Topic Areas for FOM Evaluation:

1. Chemical Kinetics
2. Lean Blowout (LBO)
3. Ignition
4. Spray
5. Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) Modeling
6. Common Format Routine (CFR)



# ASCENT Overall Summary

- Mission – Provide the scientific underpinning for the regulatory activities of the FAA Office of Environment and Energy
- Draws upon experts from around the country who collaborate worldwide
- Works within a network of federal and international agencies
- Plays a critical role the implementation of alternative jet fuels to decarbonize the aviation industry



# QUESTIONS



**FAA CENTER OF EXCELLENCE FOR ALTERNATIVE JET FUELS & ENVIRONMENT**

SOAP-Jet Webinar - December 8, 2017

