

Sustainable Alternative Jet Fuel Certification and Qualification

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Cert-Qual Sessions Overview

You Are
Here 

Plenary

SAJF Certification and
Qualification

- Certification Overview
- SAJF Approval Status
- The Path Forward

Unconference 1

Enhancing Fuel
Qualification Process

- OEM Review
Process
- Stakeholder
Engagement
- Approval Process
Improvements

Unconference 2

Key Fuel Qualification
Challenges

- Key Technical
Issues
- SAJF
Compositional
Considerations

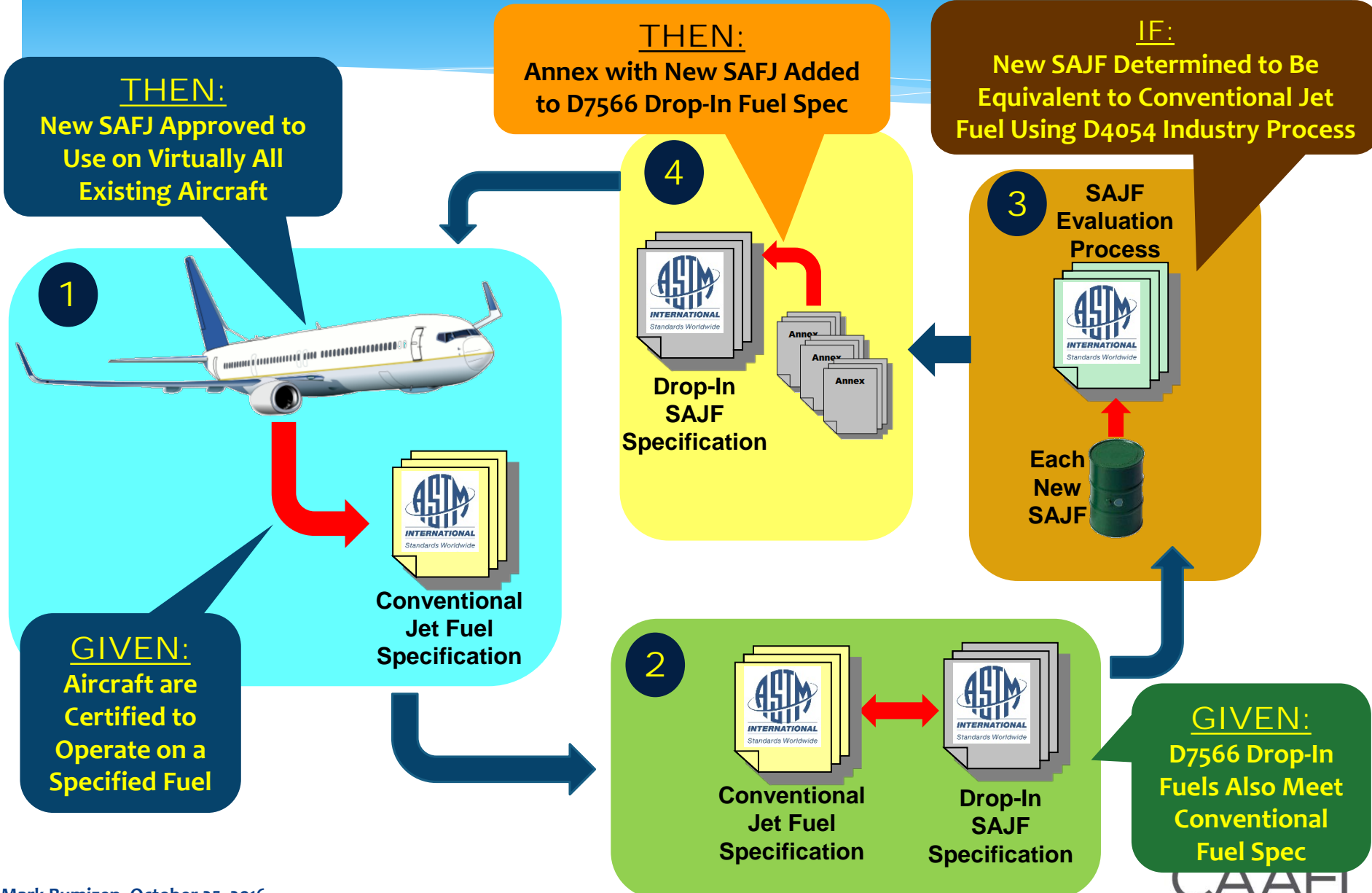
Cert-Qual Breakout

- Centralized Mgt of
D4054 Test &
Review Process
- Generic Spec

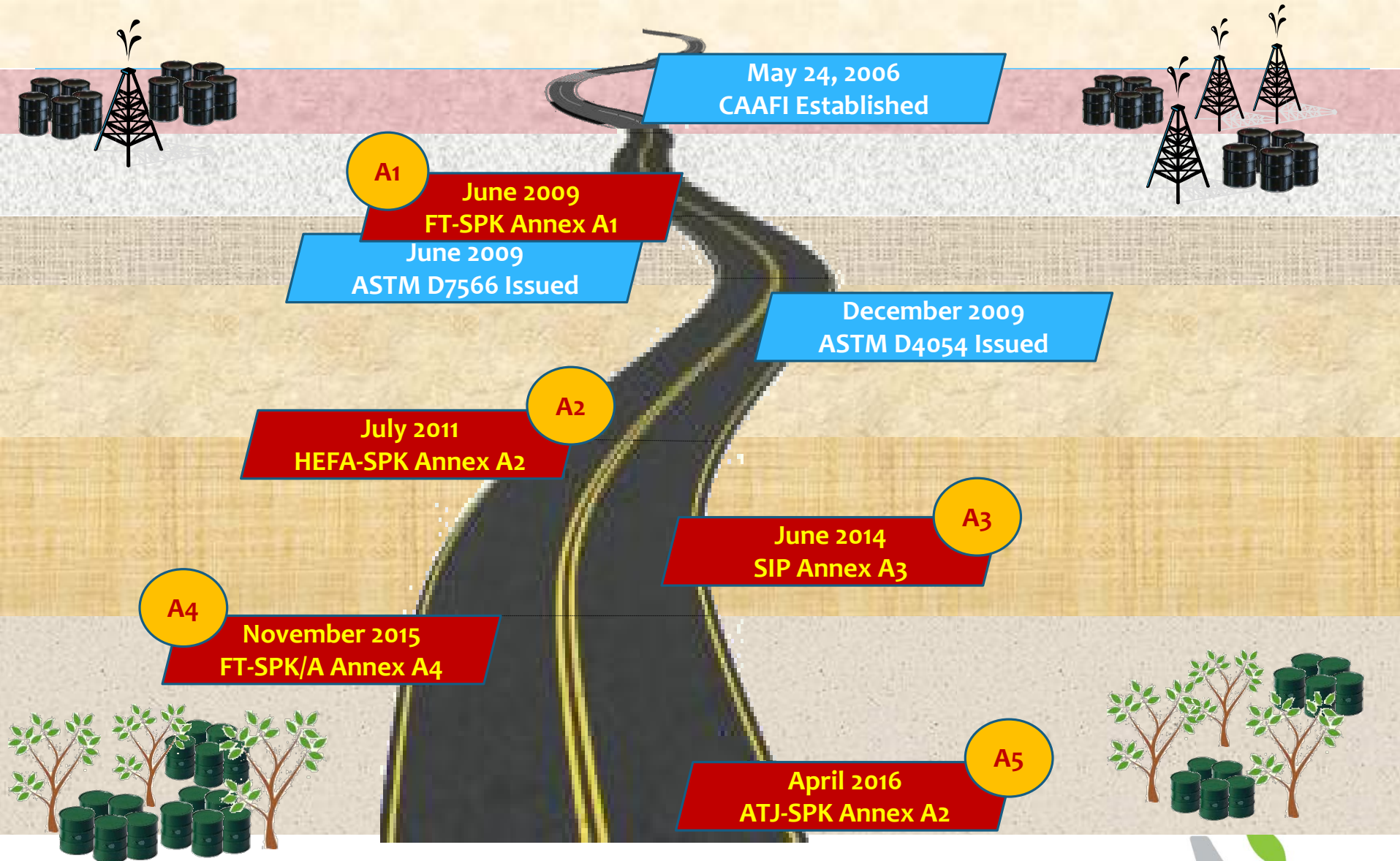
Building a Bridge Over Technology's Valley of Death



How do we Certify SAJF?



A Decade of Alternative Jet Fuel



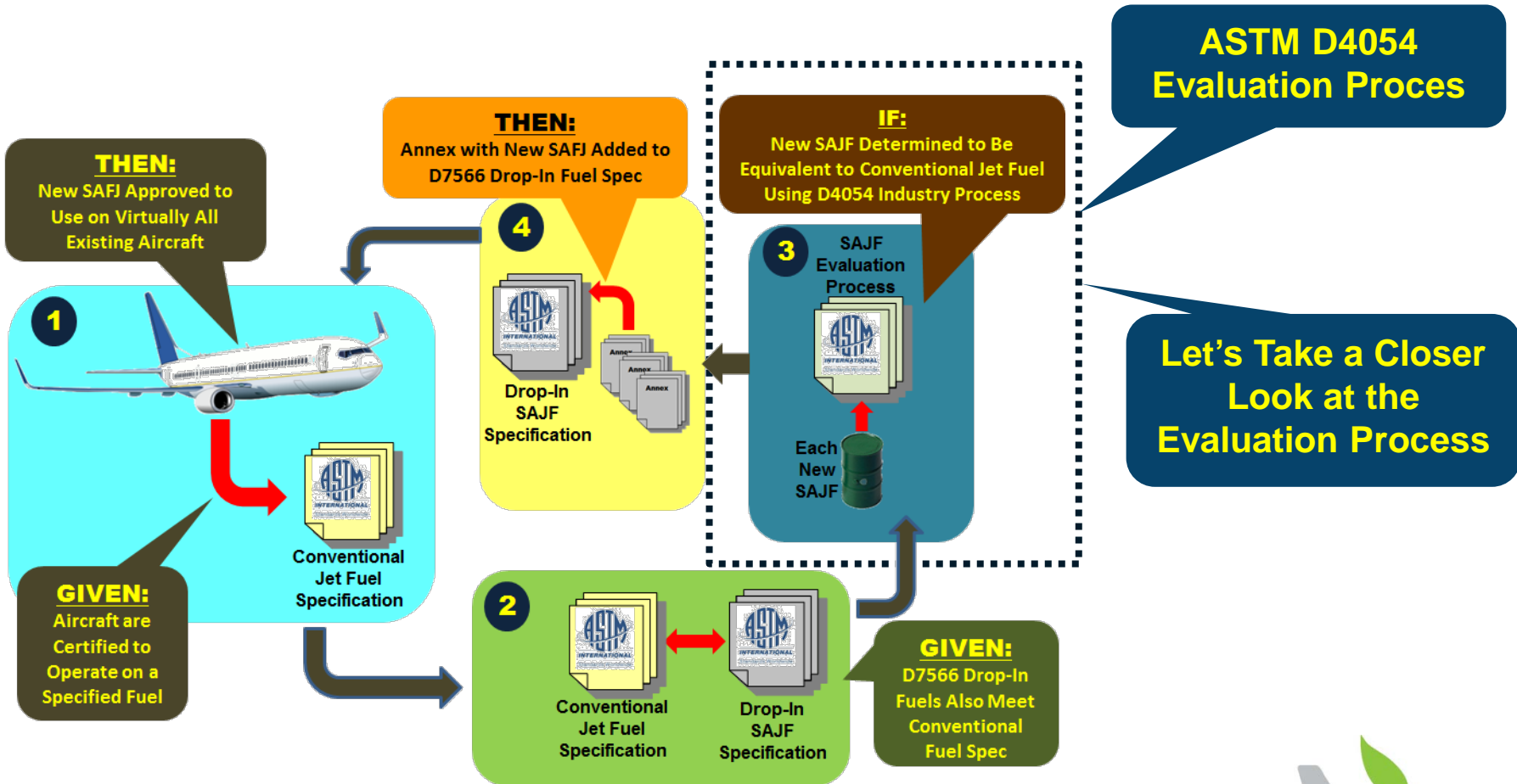
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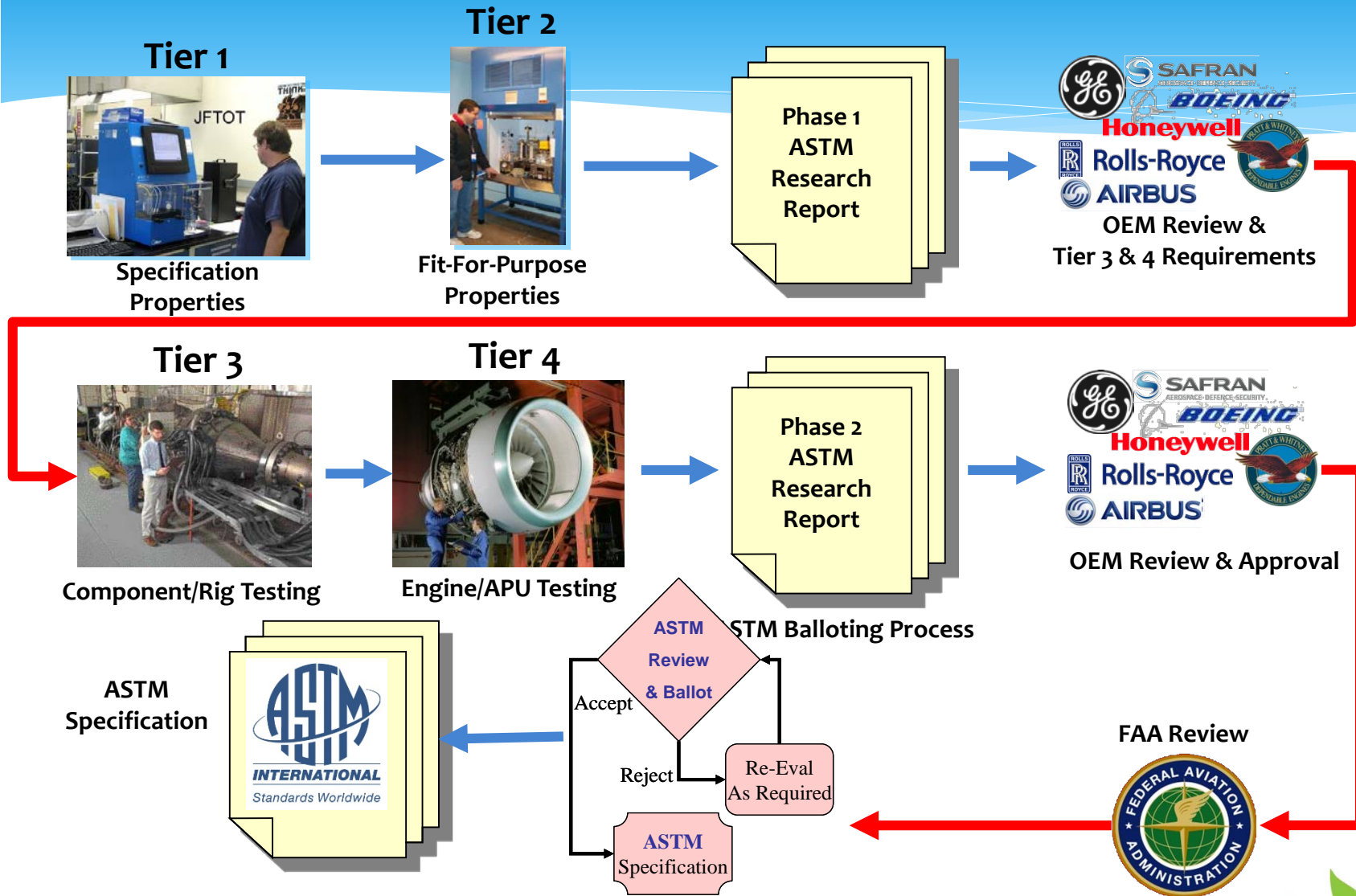
Ref: Presentation AFRL (W. Harrison) 8/15/06



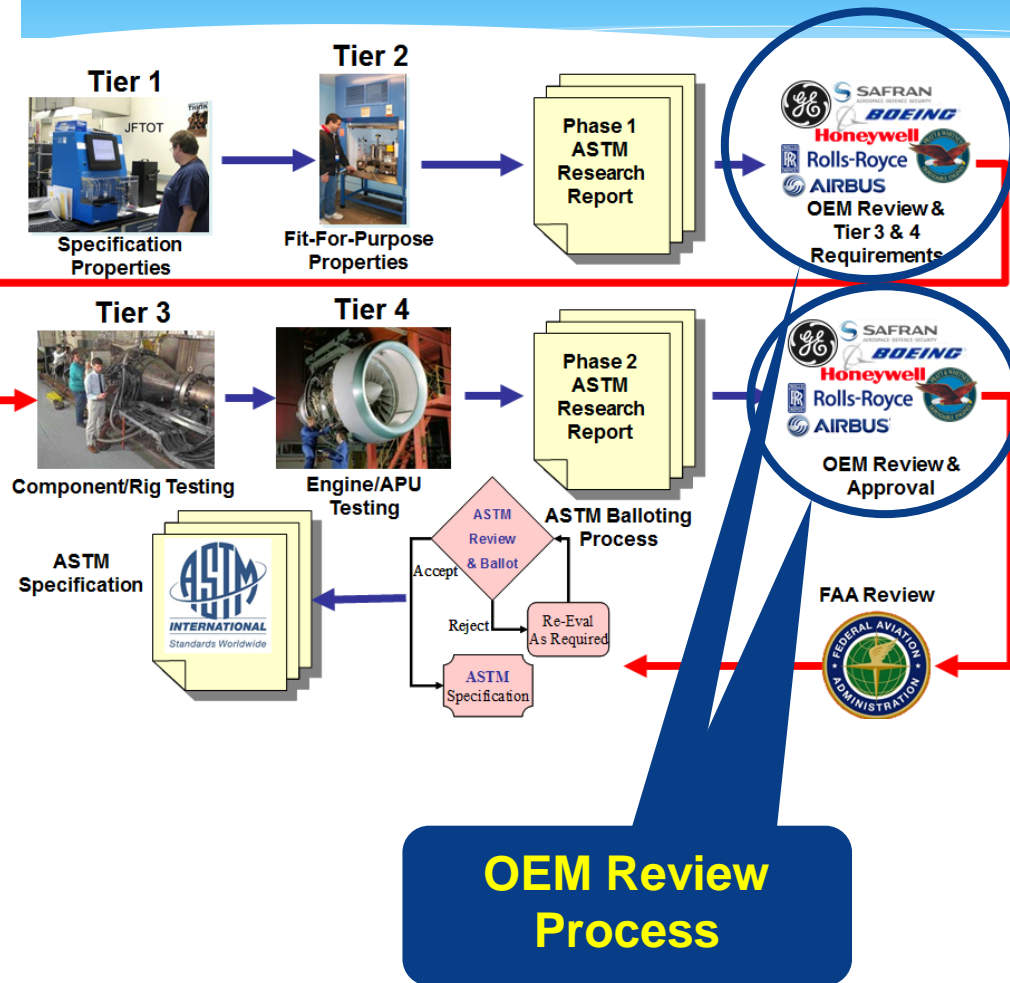
Current Challenge



D4054 Qualification Process



OEM Review Process



- Provides Feedback on Suitability of Product for Use on Aircraft/Engines/APUs
- Necessary for FAA to Make a Determination that D1655 will Continue to Provide Airworthy Fuel
 - Certification Basis is Maintained on All Aircraft/Engines
- Required for Proposed Alternative Fuel to Advance to ASTM Balloting

FAA Acceptance of D7566 SAJFs



FAA
Aviation Safety

SPECIAL AIRWORTHINESS INFORMATION BULLETIN

SUBJ: Engine Fuel and Control - Semi-Synthetic Jet Fuel

SAIB: NE-11-56R2

Date: May 19, 2016

This is information only. Recommendations aren't mandatory.

Introduction

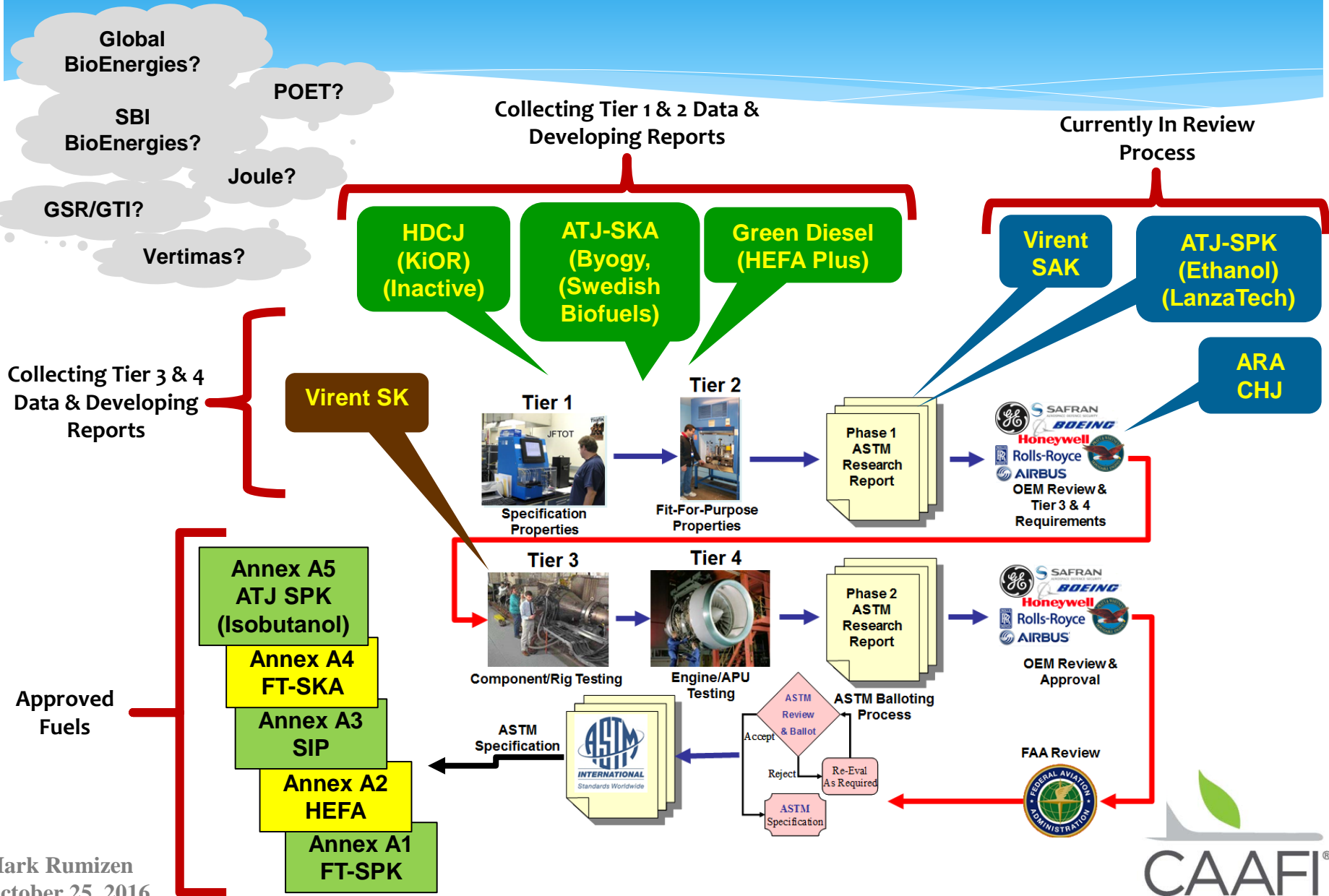
This Revised Special Airworthiness Information Bulletin (SAIB) advises aircraft operators, fixed base operators, certificated repair facilities, Flight Standard District Offices, Certificate Management Offices, and Foreign Civil Aviation Authorities that jet fuel made from the following synthetic blending components that meet the requirements of ASTM International Standard D7566 are acceptable for use on aircraft and engines certificated for operation with D1655 Jet A or Jet A-1 jet fuel if they are re-identified as D1655 fuel:

- Fischer Tropsch synthesized isoparaffinic kerosene (FT-SPK),
- hydroprocessed fatty acid esters and fatty acids (HEFA),
- synthesized isoparaffins (SIP),
- Fischer Tropsch synthesized kerosene with aromatics (FT-SKA), and
- alcohol to jet (ATJ).

When D7566 jet fuels are re-identified as D1655 fuel, they meet all the specification requirements of D1655 fuel and, therefore, meet the approved operating limitations for aircraft and engines certificated to operate with D1655 fuel, unless otherwise prohibited by the engine or aircraft type certificate (TC) holder. We are revising this SAIB to add FT-SKA and ATJ as synthetic blending components that conform to ASTM International Standard D7566.



SAJF Status



The Path Forward

- * Stakeholder Support/Engagement Necessary to Keep Certification Approval Process Moving
 - * Fuel Producers:
 - * Build Pilot/Demo Plants and Make Fuel
 - * Airlines:
 - * Establish SAJF as a Priority with Suppliers
 - * Engine/Aircraft OEMs:
 - * Allocate Resources to Support Testing of Fuels and Review of Data

Thank You



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