



## Promising production technologies and value chains

Panel-II Introductory Presentation, CORE-JetFuel (EU)

A. Sizmann<sup>1</sup>, A. Quignard<sup>2</sup>, A. Roth<sup>1</sup>, C. Jessberger<sup>1</sup>

CAAFI – CORE-JetFuel Cooperation Workshop

Alexandria, April 28th 2016

<sup>1</sup> Bauhaus Luftfahrt

<sup>2</sup> IFP Energies Nouvelles



This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Programme for research technological development and demonstration under grant agreement No 605716



# Questions & Discussion: 1. ASTM D5054 Certification and alternative fuel chemical structure

- How make certification shorter and how to decrease the cost, for example by using the feedback of the 5 previous certification?
- What about the maximum AFJ allowed in the final blend (50% for FT-SPK, HEFA SPA and FT-SPK/A, 10% for SIP, 30% for ATJ-SPK from isobutanol)
  - How to define the limit ?
  - Why so many different limits ?
  - What about AJF without a continuous distillation curve (SIP, ATJ-SPK) ?
  - Why 30% on ATJ-SPK ?
    - Related to some specific properties such as relationship between density and permittivity (dielectric constant) is a key property used in capacitance gauging systems ?
  - Why up to 100% (AFJ with a similar chemical structure & distillation curve than Jet A/A1 ?



## Questions & Discussion: 1. ASTM D5054 Certification and alternative fuel chemical structure

- Current certified AFJ are mainly based on iso-P: what about fuels mimicking the existing fossil jet fuels with n-P, iso-P, N and a limited amount of aromatics but without sulfur (such as the ARA/CLG BIC process or Virent/Shell CPK)?
- What about the blending rules and possible advantages/disadvantages, when blending alternative fuels with petroleum based fuel depending on the chemical structure of both component fuels, as well as different distillation curves?
  - Do we need more research in the field (i.e., cold flow properties, stability..)?
- Research needs to focus on understanding of an appropriate test method and the effect of blending with different fossil fuel batches. A better understanding and data collection may help overcome these concerns and help relax blending limits in future (from an airframe perspective).
  - What' you opinion ?

## Questions & Discussion: 2. Conversion + refining pathways to alternative jet fuels

- When looking at the high number of proposed pathways, could we make recommendations for some pathways based on technical/scientific, environmental, economic issues, as well as biomass availability and sustainability?
- How to “classify” these routes regarding risk and rewards?
  - What tools ?
  - What parameters can we use related to economics, GHG saving, industrial risk, flexibility of the process related to feedstock type and availability, etc...?
  - How to manage and to take into account uncertainty in order to make comparison, taking into account a reasonable level of uncertainty ?
- Can we very roughly predict what should be the best routes (industrial development, blending with petroleum based fuels, economics, GHG emission gain) ?
  - How can we do?

